□ proffer offer
□ purile outskirt
□ documentary N. ADJ.
□ spleen N.
□ usher sb who shows people to their seats; V: bring by showing the way
□ stagger (of a blow, shock) cause to move unsteadily; (of news) shock deeply
□ epic (of stories, events) full of brave action and excitement
□ wilderness area of land with little natural life, esp. desert; desolate expanse; Ex. a wilderness of waters
□ lout rough rude man; CF. loot
□ detour way round something
□ intent (of looks) eager; showing eager attention; intent on doing sth: having a determined intention
□ station put (sb, oneself, a military force) at a certain place; Ex. station oneself among the bushes
□ stationery writing materials (paper, pen, etc.); N. stationer
□ checkmate (in chess) position of a king at the end of a game (escape가 impossible); complete defeat
□ stalemate situation in which neither side in a quarrel can get an advantage; deadlock; Ex. The discussions ended in a stalemate.
□ aficionado fan; devotee; Ex. a cinema aficionado
□ access fit or sudden attack (as of anger or a disease)
□ rude startling; Ex. get a rude shock/awakening
□ acquisitive eager to get and keep as one’s own
□ arrogate attribute unjustly; arrogate sth to oneself: take without right
□ asseverate assert solemnly; 단언하다
□ water down add water to; weaken
□ assorted of various sorts; 여러 종류의; matched; Ex. assorted collection; Ex. ill-assorted couple
□ assort classify into different sorts; assort with: match; agree
□ avouch vouch; guarantee
□ adduce give (an example, proof, explanation)
□ adieu good bye
□ abscess 종기; swelling on the body where pus has gathered
□ accountable responsible (expected to give an explanation)
□ administer manage; put into operation; carry out; cause to take (drug or official promise); Ex. administer the law/baptism/punishment
□ traffic (movement of) people and vehicles; illicit trading
□ congested too full; overcrowded; having an abnormal accumulation of blood
□ contemplate look at; 읽시하다; 심사숙고하다; Ex. She stood contemplating her figure on the mirror.
□ concourse place where crowds come together; 광장; coming together
□ couturier (남자) 양계사
□ appoint (시간 등을) fix; decide (약속하다); N. appointment: appointing; (시간에 대한) 약속; position; 지위; Ex. a good appointment in a business
□ low-key low-keyed; 억제된; restrained in style; 조용한; Ex. low-key speech
□ sweeping lacking details; too general; extensive; including many parts; Ex. sweeping statement/plans
□ desist from not do any more
□ delectable very pleasant; N. delection
□ deprecatory apologetic; trying to prevent disapproval; expressing disapproval; deprecating
□ lean 몸이 약한; producing little; barren; Ex. lean year/land
□ depilate 털을 뽑다; CF. depilatory: (substance) that gets rid of unwanted hair
□ desuetude 더 이상 쓰이지 않는 상태
□ disrepair state of needing repair; 파손된 상태
□ repair 수리된 상태; Ex. in good repair/in a bad state of repair
□ disarm 무장해제하다; reduce the size of armed forces; (의문, 적의를) 누구нибудь다 (through friendliness); ADJ. disarming; N. disarmament
□ dishabille state of negligently dressed
□ dissipated (of a person) given to foolish and harmful pleasures
□ dissipate scatter; waste time or money foolishly; squander
□ emblazon decorate (a shield or flag) with heraldic devices
□ blazon coat of arms; set of patterns or pictures used by a noble family, university, etc. as their special sign
□ empyrean the highest heaven; ADJ. heavenly; celestial
□ radical advanced in opinion; of the root; fundamental; N: 급진주의자
□ cite quote; (bravery 등에 대해서) commend; summon (before a court of law); give a summons to
□ citation (bravery 등) person’s quality에 관한 문서; quotation; summoning
□ litter 들것; stretcher; odds and ends; 호트러진 잡동사니; V: cover untidily with scattered litter
□ deem consider; judge; Ex. We would deem it an honor.
□ mortal which must die; causing death; fatal; lasting until death; Ex. mortal wound/combat/hatred; N: human being; N: mortality: state of being mortal; rate/number of death
□ tip 기울이다; tilt; (기울이서) empty; 버리다; Ex. No rubbish to be tipped here
□ vile disgusting; bad; nasty
raise Ex. raise money/soldiers/a baby
indemnity protection against loss or damage esp. in the form of a promise to pay; payment for loss or damage
out of the question impossible
out of question beyond question; certain
ignoble dishonorable; shameful; of low birth; not noble; Ex. ignoble action/deed
pugnacious quarrelsome
consequent not following naturally what has been said or done before; illogical
inconsequential consequent; not important
inimical (상황 등이) hostile; unfavorable; harmful; Ex. conditions inimical to economic development
rector clergyman; 교구목사
immune imprison; confine; shut oneself up
integument outer covering (such as a shell, the skin of a fruit)
make good succeed; prosper; 성공시키다; accomplish; compensate for; Ex. 억울한 사람이 된 신원광이; Ex. make good one’s escape; Ex. make good a loss or threat
interdict prohibit; forbid
interlocutor person taking part in a dialogue
interstice small space or crack between things placed close together
malpractice (of doctor or lawyer) failure to carry out one’s professional duty properly or honestly
feat get (sth bad, an illness); Ex. contract a cold/a disease
obtrude stick out; obtrude sth on sb: push forward when unwanted; 강요하다; ADJ. obtrusive: unpleasantly noticeable; Ex. obtrusive smells/music
oblation religious offering; offering made to a god
offertory (the collection of) the money people give during a religious service
obverse front side of a coin; the opposite; OP. reverse
boisterous (of a person) noisy and cheerful; (of weather) wild and rough
parole prisoner’s solemn promise that he will not try to escape; 그 후의 놔두기; 가석방
parergic 진통체; ADJ. 진통의(고통을 줄이는)
pilgrimage journey of a pilgrim
persiflage light good-natured talk; banter
portentious pompous; self-important; ominous; threatening
cautionary conveying caution or advice; 주의, 경고를 주는; Ex. cautionary tales
mature careful Ex. mature plan
mellow ripe; (행동, 성격이) 나이가 들어 완숙함; wise
pretext false reason (for an action) (to hide the real one)
puberty stage at which a person becomes physically able to become a parent
descend go down; descend on/upon: attack/visit (suddenly, in a large number); descend to (dishonorable behavior); lower oneself to; Ex. He descended to abusing me personally.
descent going down; visit/attack; family origin
procurator agent, esp who has a power of attorney; 대리인, 법정 대리인
proclaim make known publicly; show clearly; Ex. The ringing bells proclaimed the birth of the prince; Ex. His accent proclaimed that he was a Scot.
tally record of things done, points made in a game, etc. V: be exactly equal; match; count, calculate (points won); Ex. The two lists don’t tally.
purview range of operation, one’s concern, knowledge; scope
prognathous having a jaw that sticks out
prospectus printed statement describing the advantages of a college or a new business
respondent person who has to answer in a law court; (이혼 소송에서의) 피고
corespondent person charged with adultery
recondition repair
panic sudden uncontrollable terror. CF. 화재났을 때의 사람
received generally accepted as standard; Ex. received pronunciation
capitation 안두세; tax paid at the same amount for each person
fingerpoint point the finger at; accuse; blame
remand send back in prison from a court of law (to be tried later); 재구속하다; Ex. remanded into the custody of
rapprochement 친교복; coming together again in friendship
recusant (sb) refusing to obey official rules/official religious beliefs
recedescence 채발; 계언; sudden reappearance, esp. of something unpleasant
suppurate (of a wound) form or give out pus
bail 종기
supervene happen unexpectedly, esp. in a way that stops or interrupts an event or situation; come or happen as a change or interruption
supernal heavenly
envisage envision; form in mind
meridian 자오산; highest point reached by the sun; 남 중점; highest point
amenity pleasantness; Ex. the amenity of the climate
agitation anxiety; public argument or debate; Ex. a long agitation against the department store
nervous □ vigorous
lucrivate □ write or study laboriously; CF. work by lamp-light
lubricious □ showing too great an interest in sex (in an unpleasant way)
miscegenation □ mixture of races, production of offspring
spoliation □ violent spoiling or destruction
armistice □ cease-fire; truce
alacrity □ cheerful promptness
profiteer (derog.) □ person who makes unfairly large profits (구하기 어려운 물건을 매우 빠른 값에 팔면서)
levy □ impose and collect; Ex. levy a tax/fine/ransom on sb; Ex. levy an army/troops; OP. rescind
indeterminate □ not clearly fixed
definite □ clearly stated or known; Ex. definite answer
definitely □ clearly
definitive □ conclusive; final; without the need of change; authoritative; reliable; Ex. definitive offer/edition of sb’s poverty
indefinite □ not clear; not fixed (as to time)
accessible □ easy to reach; (of sb) easy to speak to; (of something) easy to understand; Ex. a manager accessible to his staff; Ex. information which is more accessible
tsampler □ decorative piece of cloth with various designs stitched on it
posse □ group of men gathered together by a sheriff to help find a criminal or keep help
guzzle □ drink continuously
carp □ find fault and complain unnecessarily and continuously
dumbbell □ ARM
duel □ prearranged formal combat between two persons (usu. fought to settle a point of honor)
spar □ box for practice
 crusade □ any of 십자군전쟁
shiftly □ untrustworthy; looking dishonest
furtive □ done secretly so as not to attract attention; having a wish to escape notice; Ex. furtive glance
infatuated □ filled with a foolish love; foolish; CF. fatuous
emulate □ try to do as well as or better than
syncopate □ change the rhythm of; displace the normal beats
shuck □ husk; pod; outer covering (as of oyster)
fume □ strong-smelling smoke, gas, or vapor
fumigate □ disinfect by means of fumes; clear of disease, bacteria, or harmful insects by means of chemical smoke or gas
flippant □ not showing deserved respect; not serious
cephalous □ connected with the head
arrant □ (sb or sth bad) in the highest degree; very bad
plangent □ (of sounds) resounding
sacerdotal □ of a priest
sapient □ wise
splenetic □ bad-tempered; irritable
splenetic □ bad-tempered; irritable
stertorous □ making a loud snoring sound
vertiginous □ causing or suffering from vertigo
votary □ regular worshiper
futile □ (of an action) without result; having no effect; unsuccessful; useless; Ex. 들린 key로 door을 unlock하는 것
abdicate give up (an official position, esp. of that of a king or queen); give up (right, claim, responsibility); Ex. The king abdicated (the throne). CF. 주어가 사람이며 vt의 경우에는 throne 같은 것이 목적어가 된다.

deliempt dismiss officially from a school, club, etc. Ex. The boy was expelled from school.

doimeter mileimeter; instrument (in a car, etc.) to record the number of miles it travels

defbrief question, examine (eg. persons who have returned from a mission) to obtain information; Ex. We debriefed our pilot after he had flown from

bulletin short notice or news report intended to be made public without delay

allergy condition of being unusually sensitive to something; ADJ. allergic

well-intentioned 의도는 좋은; acting with kind, friendly intentions (often unfortunate results); aimed at good results (usu. unsuccessful)

minnow very small fish; 송사리 ?; fig: unimportant ones

lope (of an animal) move easily and quite fast; gallop slowly

drawl speak or say slowly (with vowels greatly lengthened)

scandal public feeling that sth is improper or shock ing; sth that causes this feeling; true or false talk which damages sb's reputation; CF. scandalmonger: sb who spreads scandals

scandalous shocking; offensive to the feeling

trade skilled job in which you use your hands

profession doctor나 lawyer 같이 special training/good education을 필요로 하는 job

vocation teaching이나 nursing 같이 special training이 필요하고 ‘to help others’ 가 목적인 job

career job that you hope to do all your life with more and more success

triumph complete victory or success; V: gain victory or success; Ex. triumph over

delimit fix the limits of; Ex. delimit the powers of various officials

espy see suddenly (usu. unexpectedly)

leer unpleasant smile suggesting cruelty, thoughts of sex, etc.

roe 고기알

sideshow separate small show at a fair or circus; less interesting/serious activity

perplex make confused; Ex. perplexing problem

portfolio 손가방

labored showing signs of effort and difficulty

tuber fleshly swollen underground stem (such as the potato)

cob corncob; 옥수수속

gimmick object which is used only to attract people's attention; Ex. 책 표지의 pretty girl

dome 동근 천장, 등

lathe 선반 (metal, wood를 각는)

hoist raise, lift, or pull up (a flag or sth heavy) esp. using ropes; N: apparatus for hoisting

surcharge amount charged in addition to the usual amount; Ex. letter에 few stamps 붙인 경우 surcharge가 나온다

shortfall 부족액; Ex. shortfall of about 1 million dollars

out of phase, in phase synchronous, non-synchronous의 개념

polish polished; (of manners) refined and graceful; N. V. OP. gauche: awkward or clumsy in social behavior

redoubtable arousing respect or fear

etch make (a pattern) on a surface with acid; impress or imprint clearly

burlesque ‘imitate mockingly’하는 nonserious speech, acting, or writing; verse, play 등의 일종이다

recant (자신의 former political or religious beliefs를) say that one does no longer hold; OP: affirm

substantiate prove the truth of; OP: disprove

aggrieve grieve; (usu. passive); Ex. feel aggrieved: feel that one has been treated unjustly; be hurt in one's feeling

grieve cause grief to; feel grief

grievous causing grief; severe (of a wound, pain, etc.)

fabulous celebrated in a fable; legendary; incredible; wonderful

tailor 영화 에고편

**ADDITION**

adipose containing animal fat; fatty

affray fray; fight or noisy quarrel in a public place

avatar embodiment

casuistry (derog.) 귀변; false but clever use of arguments and reasoning; N. casuist

climacteric 생년기가; point in life when important changes take place in the human body

collier coal miner; person employed to cut coal in a mine; ship for carrying coal

corsair pirate or pirate ships

crepuscular of the time when day is changing into night or night into day; not bright

debenture 사채; official paper that is sold by a company and represents a debt on which the company must pay the buyer a fixed rate of interest

debit a record in a book of accounts of money; charge against a bank account

dipsomania uncontrollable desire for alcoholic drinks

escutcheon ceremonial shield with coat of arms; 가문이 붙은 방패

flotilla group of small ships, esp. warships
□ fusty (of a room, box, clothes, etc.) having an unpleasant smell as a result of having been shut up for a long time

□ hauteur haughtiness; CF. haughty

□ jejune (of writings) dry; uninteresting; unsatisfying to the mind

□ junta government (esp. a military one) that has come to power by force rather than through elections

□ lesion wound; Ex. brain lesion

□ lieu place; in lieu (of): instead (of)

□ logistics 정직학; study or skill of moving soldiers, supplying them with food, etc.

□ mélangé mixture

□ minaret tall thin tower on a mosque

□ nave (교회당의) 회중석; long central part of a church often between two aisles

□ nosegay small bunch of flowers (usu. to be carried or worn on a dress)

□ corsage small bunch of flowers worn by a woman at the neck or waist

□ orison prayer

□ orotund full and strong in sound; CF. rotund

□ parricide killing one’s parent or close relative; person guilty of this crime

□ pediment three-sided piece of stone placed above the entrance to a building

□ picaresque telling the story of the adventures of a character of whom one disapproves (but who is not really wicked); 악한을 소재로 한; Ex. a picaresque novel

□ poltroon coward

□ pommel rounded part at the front of a horse’s paddle; ball-shaped end of a sword handle

□ proboscis long lose or long tubelike part of the mouth

□ purloin steal (esp. sth of small value)

□ rubicund (of a person or face) red and healthy-looking; Ex. a rubicund farmer

□ sarcophagus 석관; decorated stone box for a dead body

□ serried pressed closely together; crowded

□ sobriquet nickname

□ spume foam; light white air-filled mass on the top of a liquid

□ thrall slave; serf; slavery

□ threnody funeral song for the dead

□ tocsin 경종; (bell rung as) a warning signal

□ tortilla type of thin round flat bread

□ trencherman person who eats a lot

□ troglodyte person who lives in a cave, esp. in prehistoric times; 홀거인

□ trope figurative use of a word; CF. figure of speech: expression (eg. simile or metaphor)

□ trumpery (of an object) decorative or attractive but of very little use

□ zoom (of aircraft) move upwards at high speed; cause the object being photographed to appear nearer or further; Ex. zoom in/out; N.

□ reticulated covered with a netlike pattern of lines; N. reticulation: netlike pattern

□ scarify make small cuts on (skin); break up and loosen the surface of (a road or field) with a pointed tool

□ coruscate sparkle; flash

□ flagellate whip (as a religious punishment or for sexual pleasure)

□ laminate make (a strong material) by joining many thin sheets; split into layers