□ laxative:
class of medicines that cause the bowels to empty easily; 등의 약물로 장을 턱시드게 하는 것; 내장이 높이된
□ tonic:
something (or medicine) that increases health, strength, or confidence; first note; key note; ADJ.
□ pyre:
mass of wood for burning a corpse
□ boycott:
refuse to do business with, attend, or take part in (to show disapproval and opposition); N.
□ underwrite:
support with money; sign (an insurance policy) so as to assume liability in case of specified loss; take responsibility for possible failure
□ underbid:
bid lower than
□ gird:
encircle or fasten with a belt or band; surround; prepare (oneself); Ex. gird a castle with a moat; CF. 펠리히를 충 라蹁다?
□ girdle:
belt worn around the waist; 펠리히; 비
□ sash:
band or ribbon worn around the waist or over the shoulder; frame in which the panes of a window or door are set
□ intersperse:
distribute randomly among other things
□ flare:
brief wavering blaze of light; Ex. solar flare; V.
□ convection:
heat transferring gas or liquid by the circulation of currents; 염마류
□ fault:
find error or defect in; commit a mistake or an error; (of rocks) break and form a fault; fracture; 단층이 생겨다
□ advection:
transport (of temperature) by the motion of the air
□ school:
large group of fish or other sea animals swimming together
□ differentiate:
distinguishes; discriminate; perceive a distinction; make or become different or specialized; Ex. Its unusual habits differentiate this bird from others; Ex. What differentiates these two products?
□ suitcase:
rectangle and flat piece of luggage
□ luggage:
bags, cases, and belongings of a traveler
□ faucet:
device for regulating the flow of a liquid as from pipe
□ domestic:
household servant; ADJ. V. domesticate
□ serum:
blood serum from the tissues of immunized animals (used to transfer immunity to another individual)
□ at the mercy of:
powerless against; -의 치열이 비호하다; Ex. They were lost at sea, at the mercy of weather
□ feckless:
(with someone or behavior) worthless and without purpose for the future
□ insignia:
badges which represent the power of an official or important person
□ soot:

black powder produced by burning; Ex. the inside of a chimney covered in soot

√ lint :

smoky, soft light loose waste from woollen materials; Ex. lint and dust under the furniture

√ fluff :

√ gristle :

soft down; thin soft hair or feathers; lint

√ cartilage :

√ rubbish :

garbage, trash

√ sawdust :

√ ready :

(of the power of mind) quick in apprehending; Ex. ready understanding; Ex. a man of ready wit

√ cadge :

beg; get by begging; bum; CF. earn

√ meteorite :

hollow; formed by shaping; fungi; soil rich in humus and fit for planting; vegetables are grown in it

√ locus :

place where something happens; (수식) 계적

√ sole :

bottom, bottom part of a shoe

√ twirl :

rotate or revolve; fig. of movement

√ bustle :

be busy and active with much noise; fig. at a reception; N: to hold the frame

√ timeless :

eternal, ageless

√ ageless :

seeming never to grow old; eternal

√ slat :

flat narrow strip of wood or plastic esp. in blinds; Ex. slatted bench
**slash**: long sweeping cut; V: commit suicide by slashing one's wrist

**lash**: hit with a whip; N.

**millinery**: article made or sold by a milliner; N. milliner: person who makes or sells women's hats; CF. Milan

**jockey**: person who rides in horse race; V: persuade gradually and skillfully; ride (a horse) as jockey; jockey for position: try to gain an advantage over others

**cult**: religion or sect considered extremist or false (different from the usual and established forms); particular style (in art, music, or setting) that is followed with obsessive devotion by a fairly small group; obsessive devotion

**footlight**: light placed in a row along the front of a stage floor

**upholster**: supply (furniture or a seat) with comfortable coverings, filling, springs, and cushion

**hemophilia**: [medical term]

**slouch**: tired-looking, awkward, drooping posture or gait

**plot**: small piece of ground; main story; secret plan; scheme; ground plan: V: (of a group of people) make a secret plan; conspire; represent graphically

**implant**: fix in deeply into the body or mind; insert surgically; Ex. deeply implanted fear; N. Ex. artificial heart implant; CF. transplant

**dwarf**: (person, animal, or plant); V: prevent the proper growth of; make appear small by comparison; Ex. art of dwarfing trees; Ex. old cathedral dwarfed by the skyscrapers

**midget**: very small person

**rain**: (cause to) fall like rain

**downplay**: play down; make (something) seem less important than it really is; Ex. downplay the significance of the accident

**sleet**: [weather term]

**downpour**: heavy fall or rain

**blizzard**: heavy fall of snow with strong winds

**drizzle**: rain very lightly; N. 이슬비

**mask**: hide with a mask; keep from being seen; OP. unmask: show the hidden truth about

**dehumanize**: remove the human qualities from

**crossfire**: lines of gunfire crossing each other; rapid heated discussion

**tussle**: rough struggle or fight

**tissue**: animal or plant cells; light thin paper

**caret**: [typographical character]
mark \ used in writing to show where something is to be added

☐ proof :

trial sheet of printed material; trial photographic print

☐ proofread :

read (proof) to find errors and mark corrections

☐ tong :

grasping device consisting of two arms

☐ aerate :

put air into (a liquid) as by pressure; expose to fresh air for purification; oxygenate (blood) for respiration

☐ cirrus :

high-altitude cloud; 한층; 낮은 뜨개

☐ nimbus :

uniformly gray rain cloud; radiant light in the form of a halo over the head in a representation as of a saint

☐ cumulus :

thick white cloud with a flat base; 흰 구름

☐ stop short of :

stop short at; not do

☐ adore :

love and respect highly

☐ tolerate :

allow (something one does not agree with); bear; recognize and respect (the beliefs of others)

☐ inviolate :

not violated; intact

☐ enmesh :

catch in a net

☐ gangway :

gangplank; board or ramp between a ship and a pier

☐ sidewalk :

pavement; paved walkway along the side of a street

☐ pancreas :

gland near the stomach supplying digestive fluid and secreting insulin; 뇌장

☐ bile :

bitter fluid secreted by the liver (aiding in the digestion of fats); 잔즙

☐ menthol :

white substance which smells and tastes of mint

☐ mint :

여미리; 병원 지방산의 납급 식품

☐ vanilla :

아메리카 면화 지방산의 납급 식품

☐ bean :

long sharp teeth of an animal (such as a dog or a poisonous snake)

☐ molar :

any of the large teeth (used for breaking up food)

☐ enamel :

hard outer surface of the teeth; vitreous protective coating on metal or glass; V.

☐ tusk :

very long pointed tooth (as in the elephant)

☐ hoof :

발굽; hard foot (as of the horse)

☐ quill :
bird’s feather, esp. a long, stiff one in the wing or tail; sharp pointed growth as on the porcupine

**panther**

leopard

**mane**

long hair growing from the neck of certain animals (such as the horse and male lion)

**gauche**

awkward in social behavior

**roll**

official list of names; Ex. roll call

**cloture**

parliamentary procedure by which debate is ended and an immediate vote is taken; CF. closure

**artistry**

(apprec.) artistic skill

**analogue**

analog; something that is similar (to something else)

**offbeat**

not conventional

**only**

sole; Ex. only child

**red herring**

something that draws attention away from the central issue; distraction

**norm**

standard (of behavior or ability)

**coterminous**

sharing the same border

**iodine**

(used on wounds to prevent infection and in photography)

**wax**

solid material made of fats or oils which change to a thick liquid when melted by heat; Ex. earwax; V.

**vinyl**

firm bendable plastic

**pleat**

flattened narrow fold in cloth; ( `/كلهأ` كـلمأ أـيـهـأ) `كـعـم`، V.

**bit**

sharp point of a tool for making holes; metal bar, part of a bridle, that is put in the mouth of a horse

**nail**

fingernail or toenail; V: fasten with a nail

**figurehead**

figure on the prow of a ship; nominal leader with no actual authority

**ferrous**

containing iron

**differential**

amount of difference; ADJ. based on a difference; Ex. differential rates of pay according to one’s income

**hallmark**

conspicuous feature or characteristic; mark indicating quality or excellence; Ex. hallmarks of her painting

**lest**

(hitherto; until now

**critique**

article or book criticizing something

**heretofore**

hitherto; until now

**overshadow**
throw a shadow over; make appear less important

☐ plaque:
ornamental or engraved plate, slab, or disk used for decoration or on a monument for information;
deposit that builds up on a tooth or the inner lining of a blood vessel.

☐ tartar:
hard chalklike substance that forms on the teeth.

☐ chantey:
chanty; song sung by sailors.

☐ chorale:
harmonized hymn to be sung in a church.

☐ chorus:
repeated refrain of a song; group of people who sing together; piece of music sung by such a group; body of vocalists and dancers who support the leading performer.

☐ choral: of or for a chorus or choir.

☐ hymn:
song of praise; Ex. national hymn.

☐ ballad:
a narrative poem; music for such a poem.

☐ shrug:
raise (the shoulders) as a gesture of doubt or indifference; shrug off: treat as unimportant; Ex. She just shrugged off the pain.

☐ meteorology:
scientific study of weather conditions.

☐ crease:
line made on cloth or paper by folding, creasing, or pressing.

☐ dent:
depression in a surface made by pressure or a blow.

☐ bow:
front part of a ship.

☐ stern:
back part of a ship; ADJ. hard or severe in manner.

☐ lasso:
long rope with a noose at one end used to catch horses and cattle.

☐ sight:
device used to assist aim by guiding the eye as on a firearm; (لغز) 가운데에.

☐ shaft:
long narrow body or handle of a spear, an arrow, or certain tools; column.

☐ tamp:
 Jong-jeong, gapcheo 끝에 등; pack down tightly by a succession of blows or taps.

☐ homeopathy:
treatment.

☐ parenthesis:
words introduced as an added explanation (usu. enclosed at both ends by a parenthesis); ADJ. parenthetic:
introduced as an added explanation; Ex. parenthetic remarks.

☐ arresting:
engaging; V. arrest: catch and fix (someone’s attention); Ex. The bright lights arrested the baby’s attention.

☐ inventory:
list of all the goods in a place.

☐ slate:
a rock that splits into thin layers; 경쟁내, piece of this rock cut for use as roofing; 경쟁내 스탠드, list of the candidates of a political party.

☐ manifest:
list of cargo or passengers (on a ship).

☐ litter:
group of young animals produced at one birth by a mammal

☐ gutter:

channel for draining off water along the edge of a street or roof

☐ sequel:

literary work that continues an earlier narrative; something that follows; consequence

☐ fetal:

doctrine; N. fetus: foetus; unborn young of a vertebrate (distinguished from the earlier embryo)

☐ vestibule:

small entrance hall or lobby

☐ band:

range of radio wavelengths or frequencies

☐ mineral:

natural inorganic substance

☐ pirate:

one who reproduces the work of another illicitly; V: pirated video tapes

☐ sidestep:

take a step to the side to avoid; avoid (an unwelcome question or problem) dishonestly; evade; skirt

☐ skirt:

go around; evade or avoid; Ex: decide to skirt the town

☐ hurdle:

difficulty that must be dealt with; V: leap over (a barrier); overcome; surmount

☐ epistle:

letter (esp. a long and important one)

☐ legume:

plant of the bean family with its seeds in a pod

☐ harness:

apparatus for controlling a horse or for fastening a horse to a cart

☐ gravitate:

be attracted and move gradually towards; move in response to the force of gravity; Ex: gravitate to/towards

☐ gravy:

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☐ hesitate:

pause before taking an action; be unwilling to do something

☐ lazy:

disliking and avoiding work; (of a period) spent in doing nothing; moving slowly; sluggish; Ex: lazy afternoon

☐ ivory:

creamy white; article made of ivory; ivory tower: place of retreat, esp. preoccupation with intellectual considerations rather than practical life

☐ peel:

skin of fruits; V: strip the peel from; pare

☐ rind:

tough outer covering of fruits, esp. of the melon and lemon

☐ mast:

upright pole of wood or metal for carrying sails

☐ spar:

wooden or metal pole used to support sail rigging

☐ rung:

bar forming a step of a ladder; crosspiece between the legs of a chair

☐ hangar:

 Vy: 길가리

☐ brake:

V: slow or stop by using a brake

☐ file:

put (papers or letters) in a file
magnify: make greater in size or effect; cause to appear greater; exaggerate

munition: large arms; 

reportorial: of a reporter

brace: something used for supporting (as a beam in a building, or an orthopedic appliance); 비밀대, 부대, 처벌 고영기, 돌이송지, 증명: V. support and strengthen with a brace; prepare (oneself) for something difficult; Ex. The country is bracing itself for the threatened enemy invasion.

circumstantial: (of information, esp. concerning a crime) based on circumstances but not really proving anything; incidental; (of a description) containing all the details; Ex. circumstantial evidence/account

gadget: small device

linen: cloth made from the flax; white underclothes

leaflet: small piece of printed paper (advertising something); 축소: small leaf

handbill: printed sheet or pamphlet distributed by hand; CF. bill

flier: leaflet

ringlet: long curl of hair

frame: surround with a solid protecting edge; 격자 Md 남이

sample: small part representative of a whole; V: take a sample of (in order to test)

sanitation: application of public health measures; 음식 위생: disposal of sewage and garbage; 위수도 설치

sanitary: relation to health; clean; hygienic

sanitize: make sanitary; remove unpleasant or offensive features from; Ex. sanitize a report

landslide: sudden fall of earth or rocks; large, often unexpected, success in an election

puddle: 음영적; small pool of liquid, esp. rainwater

drift: he carried along by currents of air or water; move from place to place without purpose; wander; he piled up in banks or heaps by a current; N: drifting; bank or pile, as of sand or snow, heaped up by currents of air or water; main idea; get; Ex. a drift of dead leaves; Ex. snow drift; Ex. catch the drift of

courtly: graceful and polite in manners

solidarity: agreement of interests or principles among a group

primacy: state of being first in position or importance

blaze: bright flame; white spot on the face of an animal; mark cut or painted on a tree to indicate a trail; V: burn with a bright flame; indicate (a trail) by marking trees with blazes; Ex. blaze a trail: lead the way in a new activity; CF.

sorority: club of women students; CF. fraternity; CF. sororicide

decline: express polite refusal; (as land) slope downward; deteriorate gradually; N: period or process of declining; CF.
apply, application of soil and plant sciences to farming

\textbf{agronomy}:

more concerned with the spirit or mind than with material things

\textbf{anatomy}:

scientific study of the bodies and body parts; body; dissection of body

\textbf{physics}:

scientific study of how the bodies work

\textbf{disciple}:

follower of any great teacher

\textbf{egrate}:

wooden shipping box; V. 

\textbf{produce}:

something produced; fresh farm products

\textbf{ode}:

long poem addressed to a person or thing

\textbf{overdose}:

take too large a dose, N.

\textbf{courtary}:

court, open space surrounded by walls, 

\textbf{thatch}:

plant stalks or foliage used for roofing; V. cover with thatch

\textbf{statuary}:

statues collectively

\textbf{knocker}:

hinged fixture used for knocking on a door

\textbf{gong}:

metal disk struck to produce a loud sonorous tone; 

\textbf{otherworldly}:

\textbf{flint}:

\textbf{blade}:

flat part of a knife, propeller; oar, or bat; long flat leaf of grass; 

\textbf{oar}:

\textbf{paddle}:

\textbf{bat}:

\textbf{flange}:

\textbf{cider}:

alcoholic drink made from apples

\textbf{cinder}:

burned substance (not reduced to ash but not burned further)

\textbf{tare}:

burned substance (not reduced to ash but not burned further)
enrich: make rich; improve the quality of; add nutrients to; Ex. enrich the soil

snob: one who affects an air of superiority and despises those lower in social position, intellect, or taste; N. snobbery; ADJ. snobbish

warmonger: person who urges war or tries to get a war started

fluent: speaking, writing, playing a musical instrument in a smooth manner

fictive: of fiction; fictional; not genuine; sham

milestone: stone at the side of a road; turning point; important event which changes the course of someone's life or history

breakthrough: penetrating an obstacle or restriction; major success that permits further progress as in technology

tolerable: that can be tolerated; fairly good

mistake: misunderstand; fail to recognize; Ex. mistake an address/his car/A for B; N. ADJ. mistaken: wrong in understanding, perception, opinion; CF. unmistakable: clearly recognizable; Ex. unmistakable sound of breaking glass

inoculate: introduce a serum, vaccine, or antigenic substance into (to produce immunity to a specific disease)

ruffle: disturb the smoothness or regularity of; Ex. ruffle one's hair/composure; N: frill; strip of fabric used for trimming or decoration

rug: heavy fabric used to cover a floor

rugged: having a rough irregular surface; ADJ. rough and sturdy; Ex. rugged terrain/vehicle

rafter: large sloping beam that supports a roof

toefound: ornamental strip, as of wood or stone, used to decorate a surface

vista: distant view (view; esp., a broad mental view as of a series of events; 추직, 전망)

befriend: act as a friend to

convalesce: recuperate from an illness or injury; ADJ. convalescent

infuse: fill (someone) with (a quality); N. infusion

best: defeat; outdo; outwit

explosive: that can explode; N: explosive substance

vivify: give life to; animate; make more lively

caterpillar: many-legged wormlike creature; endless chain

bud: small protuberant plant structure containing an undeveloped shoot, bud, or flower; 꽃

cat: 고양이와 동물
crockery: earthenware; cups or plates made from baked clay

drawer: シャン; draws シュ; underpants

necklace: ornament worn around the neck; 목걸이

lyric: poem that expresses subjective thoughts and feelings; ADJ.

skit: short comic theatrical sketch/play; CF. skittish

snatch: seize or grab (with a sudden violent movement); 잡아서 먹다; take quickly without permission; Ex. The thief snatch her handbag and ran; N.

gulp: swallow greedily or rapidly in large amounts; N.

rash: set of red spots on the skin; (fig.) sudden large number; Ex. a rash of complaints

antihistamine: substance used in the treatment of colds and allergies

stylish: fashionable; elegant

vermin: small animals or insects that are destructive or injurious to health (such as rats or cockroaches); ADJ. verminous

balloon: expand like a balloon; bulge; ride in a balloon

light-hearted: not serious; cheerful; happy

archaism: word or phrase that is no longer in use; archaic word or expression

paternalism: policy of governing people in a fatherly manner by satisfying their needs but without giving them any freedom or responsibility; ADJ. paternal

caper: jump in a playful manner (as lamb); N.

detergent: cleansing substance; 세제, ADJ.

estimable: (appre.) worthy of esteem; admirable

inestimable: (appre.) too excellent to be calculated; of immeasurable worth; invaluable; impossible to estimate; incalculable

happenstance: chance circumstance

sizable: sizeable; fairly large

size: sizing; gluey substance used as a glaze for paper, cloth, or wall surfaces

shore: support by a prop; Ex. shore up the damaged wall; N. (해, 건물, 담장, 나무 등을) 지주, 벽을; prop

outstanding: not yet settled or paid; Ex. outstanding problems/debts

due: something owed or deserved; dues: membership fee
strain, excessive demand; V: strain; make heavy demands on; tax someone with something: charge; accuse; Ex.

They were taxing my patience by asking such stupid questions; CF. duty

taxing: demanding; needing great effort; burdensome

snide: slyly derogatory; expressing an unfavorable opinion in a way that is usu. indirect but unpleasant; Ex. make snide remarks

corridor: passage between two rows of rooms; narrow tract of land, esp. through another country

tanker: ship, plane, or vehicle constructed to transport liquids in bulk

foreclose: take back property because someone’s failure to repay; deprive (a mortgagor) of mortgaged property; N: foreclosure

mortgage: legal pledge of property to a creditor as security for the payment of a loan; V: CF. mortgagor, mortgagee

pledge: formal promise; something considered as security to guarantee payment; something given or received as a pledge of faith; Ex. Take this ring as a pledge of our friendship; V.

garnishment: proceeding whereby property belonging to a debtor but in the possession of another is turned over to the creditor

garret: attic

garland: circle of flowers of leaves (worn round the neck for decoration or as a sign of victory); V.

wreath: ring as of flowers or leaves

guard: keep under control; (영용) 감가 차, Ex. guard your tongue carefully

streamline: construct so as to offer the least friction to fluid flow; improve the efficiency of; Ex. streamline the production process

inspired: so good as to seem to show inspiration from God; (영용) 찬가적; 동음 반동, Ex. inspired writing; 찬성, Ex. inspired article: 찬가적

haul: pull forcibly; transport as with a truck or cart; Ex. haul up fishing nets; Ex. haul logs; N: act of hauling; distance over which something is hauled; amount of fish caught; amount collected

overhaul: 
examine thoroughly and repair if necessary; N.

- **overtake**: catch up with, come up to the same level and usu. pass

- **baton**: short stick (used by a conductor, policeman, or runner)

- **truncheon**: short stick carried by police

- **cashier**: 

- **eavesdrop**: listen secretly to other's conversation

- **overhear**: hear by accident

- **chatterbox**: extremely talkative person

- **nag**: annoy by constant scolding, complaining, or urging

- **stall**: compartment for one animal in a barn or shed; V: bring or come to a standstill

- **full-fledged**: fully-fledged; (of a young bird) having grown all its feathers and now able to fly; completely trained

- **stark**: utter; complete; bare in appearance without any pleasant additions; hard; (의예 들어) 겉은성, Ex. His actions were in stark contrast to his words; Ex. stark realities of life for the poor

- **glide**: move in a smooth continuous manner (as a boat or swan); (of a bird) fly smoothly without using the wings

- **brat**: bad-mannered child

- **rogue**: scoundrel; dishonest person; ADJ. (of a wild animal) living apart from the rest

- **moralistic**: (derog.) having excessively unchanging narrow ideas about morals; N. moralist

- **immediate**: done at once and without delay; of the present time; nearest; with nothing in between; direct; Ex. immediate reply/plans/family/cause

- **plead**: appeal earnestly; submit as an excuse; put forward a plea or argue in a court of law; N. plea: serious request; excuse; statement by someone in a court of law

- **range**: connected line of mountains

- **shiver**: shake slightly (because of cold or fear); break into fragments or splinters; N.

- **discountenance**: view with disfavor

- **mill**: machine for crushing grain into flour; factory; Ex. paper mill; V.

- **bazaar**: sale to collect money

- **wares**: small articles for sale

- **daguerreotype**: a kind of early photograph

- **musket**: a type of gun
firearm: gun

demand: ask strongly; claim as if by right; OP. supplicate

blackmail: extortion (of money or advantage) by the threat of exposing something discreditable; V.

disincentive: something that discourages action

jingoism: extreme nationalism (by a belligerent foreign policy)

jolt: shake forcefully; N.

excrete: (of animals and humans) pass out (waste matter) from the body

toxin: poisonous substance (esp. produced by living cells or organisms); CF. toxic

aftermath: period following a bad event; consequence of a disaster or misfortune

veterinarian: /kc3/kba; ADJ. veterinary

cure: preserve (meat) as salting, smoking, or aging; (고무등) 강화하다

tapestry: heavy cloth on which colored threads are woven

denture: set of artificial teeth; 의치, 톨니

toupee: hairpiece worn to cover a bald spot; CF. transformation: 이상용기항

ranger: wanderer, rover; 산림경비관; warden employed to protect a forest

cowhand: cowboy or cowgirl; 목동

recruit: newly engaged member of a military force or other organization; V: strengthen or raise (an armed force) by enlistment

crawl: move slowly with the body close to the ground, be completely covered by insects or worms; Ex. The kitchen is crawling with ants; N.

rampage: rush wildly or violently; Ex. The elephant rampaged through the forest; N: violent frenzied behavior; Ex. Football crowds went on the rampage through the town

arabesque: 없어

nave: central part of a church between two aisles; 교회당 중앙과 좌우

pew: bench for the congregation in a church; 교회의 선두 좌석

belfry: bell tower (in a church)

liberal: willing to respect the ideas of others, supporting some change in political or religious affairs; open-minded; broad-minded, tolerant; giving freely; generous; given freely; abundant; not literal; not exact; Ex. liberal supporter of the hospital; Ex. liberal supply of drinks; Ex. liberal interpretation of a rule

shatter:
break suddenly into small pieces; Ex. I dropped the mirror and it shattered; CF. splinter

- **control**:
  - group of people in control of an operation; Ex. ground control (at an airport)

- **scholarship**:
  - method and attainment of a scholar; serious study; Ex. Her book is a fine piece of scholarship.

- **newel**:
  - vertical support at the center of a circular staircase

- **gallant**:
  - courageous; (of a man) attentive and polite to woman; N. gallantry

- **mold**:
  - common; CF. fungus:

- **ironclad**:
  - covered with iron plates for protection; rigid; fixed; Ex. ironclad rule

- **brilliant**:
  - very bright; very clever

- **pebble**:
  - small stone (worn smooth by erosion)

- **gravel**:
  - mixture of rock fragments or pebbles

- **cardboard**:
  - thick stiff material made of pressed paper

- **suede**:
  - leather with a soft napped surface

- **sip**:
  - drink in small quantities

- **nibble**:
  - eat with small repeated bites

- **material**:
  - of real matter; relevant; significant; important; having a connection

- **svelte**:
  - (approx. of a woman) slim; slender in figure or outline

- **fidget**:
  - move nervously or restlessly (so that one annoys people); N. fidgets: restlessness manifested by nervous movements; ADJ. fidgety: restless or nervous

- **setback**:
  - something that prevents progress; check in progress; reverse (opposite)

- **air**:
  - expose to air; (of the body) exposed to air; N. ventilate; make known to others (one's opinion or complaints) in an unwelcome way

- **blanket**:
  - of a large piece of cloth

- **saucer**:
  - a cup and saucer

- **mien**:
  - bearing; manner; appearance

- **stunt**:
  - feat displaying unusual skill or daring; Ex. a stunt

- **carol**:
  - song of praise or joy

- **darn**:
  - repair (a hole in cloth) by weaving threads across; Ex. darn a sock/the hole in a sock

- **wield**:
  - have and use (power or influence); hold and use (a weapon); CF. wield

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- **nibble**
  - drink in small quantities
**guru**: Indian religious leader or teacher; recognized leader; Ex. guru of economics

**wit**: intelligence; ability to say things both clever and amusing; person who has this ability

**melodrama**: drama marked by exaggerated emotions, stereotypical characters, and interpersonal conflicts (with very good or very wicked characters); ADJ. melodramatic: too emotional or sentimental

**brew**: make (ale or beer) from malt or hops; make (a beverage) by boiling or steeping; be imminent; Ex. A storm is brewing

**brief**: short condensed statement; V: give or receive concise prefatory instructions or information; N. briefing

**stomach**: bear; tolerate; eat without dislike; Ex. I can’t stomach his jokes

**canon**: accepted standard of behavior or thought; official list of writings (of a certain writer); Ex. a poem belonging to the Shakespearean canon; ADJ. canonical: according to canon; belonging to a canon

**canopy**: decorative cover of cloth (fixed above a bed, a seat, or posts); a 옆.full.c가 위치한 부분

**potshot**: carelessly aimed shot; 난시

**antedate**: be earlier than

**postdate**: happen later than; put a date on (eg. a check) that is later than the actual date

**astonish**: fill with great surprise

**limerick**: humorous short poem with five lines

**legible**: (of handwriting or print) that can be read; OP. illegible

**vanquish**: defeat completely

**ingest**: take (food or medicine) into the stomach; CF. digest

**foyer**: lobby of a public building; entrance hall of a private dwelling; vestibule

**lobby**: group of persons engaged in trying to influence legislators; V: try to influence public officials for or against a specific cause

**lobe**: rounded part or projection of an organ; Ex. earlobe; Ex. lobe of the brain/lung/liver

**batch**: amount prepared or produced at one time; group of persons considered as a set; Ex. a batch of bread/students

**vandal**: person who intentionally destroys public property or things belonging to other people; N. vandalism

**tandem**: bicycle built for two riders; Ex. in tandem: with both working closely together

**fling**: throw or move quickly and forcefully; throw (oneself) into an activity with energy; Ex. fling oneself into; N: act of flinging; brief period of indulging one’s impulses

**dramatize**: adapt (a literary book) for dramatic representation; present in a dramatic or melodramatic way

**narrow**: careful and thorough; painstaking; Ex. narrow reading/examination
disrupt: throw into disorder; Ex. The accident disrupted railway services.

transact: carry out (a piece of business or trade); N. transaction: something transacted; a piece of business; Ex. fixed charge for each transaction in the bank.

medal: piece of metal (as an honor for bravery or skill)

bettor: someone who bets

stake: /k3f /k2f/k6c /k1b/k5c /k81 /k7c /k09 /k04 /k8e /k37

sketchy: not thorough; lacking details

ledger: account book recording the money taken in and given out

ballot: short of paper used to make a secret vote; secret voting; 둘기병 투표; V: CF: ball

poll: 아론조지; number of votes cast at an election; giving votes at an election

pollen: 수중가루; CF: pollination

flourish: thrive; wave in hand and draw attention; N: showy movement or gesture that draws people’s attention; embellishment or decorative curve in handwriting

summary: done at once without attention to details or rules (as in punishments); Ex. He was summarily dismissed.

blueprint: detailed plan of action

certificate: document testifying to the truth of something; document certifying completion of requirements (as of a course of study); Ex. birth/death certificate

certify: declare or confirm formally as true; issue a certificate to; Ex. The doctor certified the prisoner insane; Ex. certified teacher

hack: cut or chop with irregular blows; 난도질 피한; N: writer hired to produce routine writing; hackney

hackney: horse suited for routine riding or driving

carve: slice, divide into pieces by cutting, cut (wood or stone) into a special shape

tamper: touch or make changes in something without permission (so as to cause damage); interfere harmfully; make secret arrangements; Ex. tamper with a jury

strive: struggle hard; make a great effort to gain something; Ex. He strive for recognition as an artist

heavy-handed: clumsy; awkward (in movements of the hands); oppressive or harsh in the way one treats other people; Ex. heavy-handed style of management; CF: even-handed

orb: ball; eyeball; celestial body; ball decorated with gold carried by a king or queen as a sign of power

reflect: throw back from a surface; manifest; show; think seriously; Ex. Her work reflects intelligence; ADJ: reflective: thoughtful

stalk: pursue (game or enemy) stealthily; stride in a haughty manner; move threateningly or menacingly; Ex. Disease stalked (through) the city.

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□ forage :  search as for food or other supplies; Ex. go foraging for wood to make a fire; N: fodder; food supplies for cattle and horses; search for food or provisions

□ weed :

□ picker :

□ highbrow :

derog. one who has or affects a high degree of learning

□ lowbrow :

derog. one who has no interest in literature or arts

□ exhaustive :

□ forgive :
pardon; stop feeling anger or resentment against; absolve from payment of; (Inf. V) exact

□ pointless :

□ shoulder :

□ perimeter :

closed curve bounding a plane area; length of this curve

□ fume :

fuel or show anger; N. fumes: heavy strong-smelling air (given off from smoke, fresh paint, oil, etc.)

□ sensation :

feeling, (cause of); a state of excited interest; Ex. sensation caused by the new discovery

□ bondage :

bring (parts) together to form a whole; combine

□ lactate :

secrete or produce milk; CF: lact-: milk

□ punctuate :

divide (written matter) into sentences or phrases with punctuation mark; break the flow of repeatedly; interrupt periodically; Ex. The tense silence was punctuated by bursts of gunfire.

□ glaciate :

subject to glacial action; make into ice; freeze

□ willy-nilly :

whether desired or not

□ chill :

cold; Ade. V: make or become cold; dispirit

□ blast :

strong gust of wind; forcible stream of air, gas, or steam; loud sound as of whistle or trumpet; explosion as of dynamite or bomb; plant disease; blight; V: explode; sound loudly; blow; cause to dry up and die; CF: blast-off

□ challenging :

needing the full use of one’s abilities; difficult but in an interesting way; Ex. a challenging problem

□ mature :

fully grown or developed; having a fully developed mind; sensible and reasonable; (of a bill) ready to be paid; payable; V.

□ fade :

lose brightness, color, strength, freshness, etc.

□ tidy :

orderly and neat; 이론적, 정리적; Ex. tidy theory

□ assertive :

expressing strong opinions; showing a confident belief in one’s own ability

□ conflate :

bring (parts) together to form a single whole; combine
locomotive: self-propelled vehicle; N. locomotion: movement; ability to move

tug: pull hard with force; N. CF: tug-of-war

tugboat: small powerful boat designed for towing larger vessels

barge: large boat for transporting freight

charade: pretense; sham; charades: pantomime

*tassel:* bunch of loose threads bound at one end (used as an ornament); CF: cordon

*cravat:* necktie

*sash:* band or ribbon worn around the waist or over the shoulder; CF: cordon

poncho: blanketlike cloak

planetary: of a planet; worldwide; global

off-key: out of tune; inappropriate

understudy: actor who studies a role and is able to replace a regular performer; V: be an understudy for; Ex. She understudied Smith.

sheriff: chief law enforcement officer

clerk: (as in an office, court, or legislative body)

orchard: hill of wind-blown sand; CF: cordon

freckle: freckles; sham, charade; pantomime; CF: cordon

daredevil: recklessly bold; N: one who is recklessly bold

royalty: people of royal family; payment made to a writer, inventor, or proprietor

dividend: share of profits received by a stockholder

bad-tempered: impatient, irritable

reservation: feeling of doubt or uncertainty (when one's agreement is limited); booking; Ex. without reservation; CF: reserve

garage: service station (where cars are repaired or serviced)

evangelist: one who practices evangelism; N. evangelism: zealous preaching of the gospel as through missionary work

*spiritual:*
religious song of African-American origin

**surplus**: superfluous; being in excess of what is needed; N: surplus amount or quantity

**forbidding**: having a fierce appearance; Ex. forbidding countenance

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**iris**: surrounding the black pupil;虹膜

**pupil**: 학생; 안구의 중심부

**cornea**: tough transparent membrane of the eyeball (covering the iris and the pupil)

**carve**: cut (cooked meat) into pieces; cut (wood or stone) into a special shape; gain (esp. a position) by long effort; Ex. She has carved a niche for herself as a comic actress.

**plum**: 去蒂; 毛李
dried plum

**prune**: 果脯; a kind of fruit

**jewel**: precious stone

**gem**: precious stone, esp. when cut into a regular shape

**turquoise**: precious greenish-blue mineral; ADJ. of the color of turquoise

**violet**: having a purplish-blue color

**lettuce**:

**vine**: grapevine; climbing plant that produces grapes

**cherry**: 벼룩; 又(а kind of fruit)

**linoleum**: durable material made in sheets (used as a covering for floors)

**selfless**: (apprec.) completely unselfish; caring only for others and not for oneself

**ensign**: flag on a ship (esp. to show what nation the ship belongs to); badge of office or power; emblem; CF. insignia

**victor**: winner; ADJ. victorious: that has won; of a victory; Ex. victorious team/shout

**clinch**: confirms or settle conclusively (an argument or bargain); (of boxers) become too closely engaged; fasten securely as with a nail or bolt; Ex. They clinched the deal quickly.

**flak**: flack; anti-aircraft artillery; bursting shells fired from such artillery; severe disapproval or opposition

**flop**: move or fall down heavily and awkwardly; fail; collapse; be unsuccessful; N: act or sound of flopping; utter failure

**mountainous**: having many mountains; massive; huge

**grade**: gradient; degree of slope

**landlocked**:
hemorrhage: flow of blood; bleeding
rumple: disarrange (hair, clothes, etc.); make untidy
hush: silence or stillness; V: make or become silent; calm; soothe; CF. 'still'
discourteous: not polite; rude
alight: come down and settle (as after flight); dismount (as from a horse or vehicle); Ex. The bird alighted on a branch; ADJ: on fire; burning; having the lights on
dovetail: tight interlocking joint; V: join (wood) by means of dovetails; fit perfectly together
mortise: rectangular cavity in a piece of wood or stone prepared to receive a tenon (forming a joint)
tenon: projection on a piece of wood for insertion into a mortise
mortise
continuous course; general meaning; drift; purport; highest male voice; Ex. the even tenor of our existence; Ex. understand the tenor of his speech
bail: security (usu. money) supplied as a guarantee that an arrested person will appear for trial; release from imprisonment obtained by bail; V: obtain freedom for by paying bail; remove water from a boat; Ex. bail out someone
overpower: defeat or overcome by greater power
anticipate: act in advance to prevent; forestall; foresee; expect
ott: carnivorous, having webbed feet)
acorn: fruit of an oak
four-poster: bed having tall corner posts (intended to support curtains or a canopy)
canal: artificial waterway; tube or duct
canalize: deepen or widen (a river) to stop flooding; direct (a variety of actions) to one particular purpose; Ex. canalize all its efforts into improving its image with the public
chlorine: Cl, halogen

iron or steel beam which supports a floor, roof, or bridge
hinge: mortise

alight

lattice: open framework made of interwoven strips as of metal or wood
trellis: open latticework used for training climbing plants; Ex. roses growing on trellis

tine:
point or prong as on a fork or a deer’s antler

cleaver:

heavy broad-bladed knife or hatchet (used by butchers)
hatchet:

small as
skew:

turn or place at an angle; distort; Ex. skew the results of the survey; N: slant
skewer:

silversmith:
one that makes articles of silver
recipe:

set of directions for making something (esp. food)
quilt:

that can bend easily; that can be changed for new needs, changed conditions, etc.
reclaim:

ask for the return of; make (land) fit for use; (영업) 계약하다; obtain (useful materials) from a waste product; reform; help to lead a better life; 개선시키다; (동물) 길들이다; Ex. This land was reclaimed from the sea; Ex. reclaim metal from old cars; Ex. reclaim former criminals
outgrowth:

natural consequence; product of growing out; offshoot; Ex. Crime is often an outgrowth of poverty
outgrow:

grow too large or too old for; grow out of; surpass in growth; Ex. outgrow one’s clothes/childish habits
offshoot:

new stem or branch; Ex. an offshoot of a large organization
tourniquet:

hand of cloth that is twisted tightly around an arm or leg to stop bleeding
trapeze:

short horizontal bar suspended from two parallel ropes (used for acrobatics); CF: trapezoid
chromosome:

영역체, linear strand of DNA in the nucleus of cells
pawnbroker:

one that lends money at interest in exchange for personal property deposited as security
chrysanthemum:

essence:
it intrinsic property; concentrated extract of a substance that retains its fundamental properties; 엽, perfume or scent; 형수; 형
pitch:

dark sticky substance obtained from the distillation residue of coal tar, wood tar, or petroleum (used for waterproofing, caulking, and paving) Ex. as black as pitch
adumbrate:

give an incomplete or faint idea of (esp. future events); give a sketchy outline of; foreshadow
upstage:
toward or on the rear part of a stage; ADV: V: make (another performer) face away from the audience by assuming a position upstage; take away attention from; CF: downstage; CF: 예전에는 무대 안에서 앞쪽보다 높았다

demoralize:

undermine the morale of; dishearten; corrupt
ply:

one layer as of cloth or plywood; one of the strands twisted together to make yarn, rope, or thread; V: join together; use diligently; continue supplying; Ex. She sat plying her needle; Ex. ply their guests with food
lettered:

highly educated; learned; literate
unlettered:

unlettered: 22
not well educated; illiterate

scour:

search through thoroughly; clean or remove by hard rubbing with a rough material; Ex. scour the countryside for the escaped prisoners; Ex. scour dirty pots and pans

holism:

theory or belief emphasizing the importance of the whole and the interdependence of its parts (believing that a whole thing is more than just a collection of parts); ADJ. holistic; Ex. holistic medicine

pointed:

having a point; sharp; incisive; (of something said) obviously (and unfavorably) directed at a particular thing or person; clearly evident; marked; Ex. pointed comment; Ex. pointed lack of interest

pride:

group (of lions)

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redeem:

make (something bad) slightly less bad; make up for; buy back; recover the ownership of; bring back to favor; carry out; Ex. redeeming feature/redeem an earlier mistake; Ex. redeem a pawned watch; Ex. redeem all the promises

fad:

briefly popular fashion, interest, or activity; Ex. only a passing fad; ADJ. faddish

angle:

point of view; standpoint; Ex. look from another angle; V: try to catch fish with a hook and line

coral:

enclosed area where cattle, horse, etc. are kept; V: drive (animals) into a corral; CF. pen

den:

home of a fierce animal such as a lion; center of secret activity

coop:

cage for hens or poultry

lullaby:

pleasant song used for causing children to sleep; CF. lull

bore:

make a hole through with a drill; N: hole made by drilling; inner diameter of a hole

literati:

literary intelligentsia

signatory:

signers of an agreement (esp. among nations); Ex. Most western nations are signatories to this treaty.

axle:

supporting shaft on which a wheel revolves; 지축

hub:

center part of a wheel; center (of activity)

boggle:

hesitate or shy away as in fear

disillusion:

free from or deprive of illusion

disillusioned:

feeling bitter and unhappy as a result of having learned the unpleasant truth

attune:

bring into harmony; CF. tune

forethought:

advance deliberation

egalitarian:

affirming equality for all

literacy:

ability to read and write; ADJ. literate

grade:

level gradually to a desired gradient; Ex. grade into · · · 장차하여

cultivate:


seek the acquaintance or good will of; improve and prepare (land) for raising crops; grow (plant or crop); nurture; foster; form and refine as by education; Ex. try to cultivate those in power; Ex. cultivate a knowledge of music

cultivated: cultured; showing good education, manners

culture: all products of human thought; breeding of animals or growing of plants; CF. agriculture, horticulture

hardheaded: stubborn; pragmatic; practical; Ex. hardheaded businessman/decision

sill: horizontal member that bears the upright portion of a frame; 문짝; CF. windowsill

silo: cylindrical structure where fodder is stored

canvas: heavy, closely woven fabric (used for tents and sails); piece of such fabric on which a painting is executed

residence: place in which one lives; act or period of residing in a place

wardrobe: cabinet or closet built to hold clothes; garments collectively

mansion: large stately house

rhinestone: colorless artificial gem

patio: inner court; outdoor space that adjoins a residence and is often paved

terrace: balcony; open area adjacent to a house serving as an outdoor living space; row of building

hold: interior of a ship or airplane in which cargo is stored

instrument: object used to help in work

instrumental: helpful; serving as a means; (of music) for instruments, not voices

instrumentation: arrangement of music for instruments; application or use of instruments

orchestra: group of musicians who play together on various instruments

damp: wet; moist; N: moisture; V: moisten; restrain or check; dampen; decrease the amplitude of

soggy: saturated with moisture; soaked; completely wet

fixate: make fixed or stationary; gaze steadily at something; preoccupy; Ex. fixated on stories about sex

calibrate: adjust the graduation of (a quantitative measuring instrument)

uphold: prevent from falling; support; defend (a right or principle) against attack; maintain against opposition

cosmopolitan: consisting of people from many parts of the world; (of a person) not narrow-minded; showing wide experience; worldwide; Ex. cosmopolitan city/outlook on life/animal

acolyte: person who helps a priest to perform religious ceremonies; devoted follower

popular: widely liked; of or representing the people; prevalent among the people; Ex. popular sovereignty/name
jamb: one of the vertical posts of a door or window frame.

lair: den or dwelling of a wild animal.

host: organism in which a parasite lives.

deed: document that is an official record of an agreement (esp. an agreement concerning ownership of property).

contract: bargain; agreement; V: enter into contract; catch (a disease); shrink by drawing together; shorten (a word or words) by omitting some of the letters; Ex. contract a cold; Ex. “isn’t”

insulin: pancreatic hormone; CF. diabetes.

stab: pierce with a pointed weapon; N: act of stabbing; sudden piercing pain.

squall: sudden violent windstorm with rain or snow.

sloppy: carelessly done; untidy or messy; sloshy; slovenly; Ex. sloppy piece of work.

famish: starve; CF. famine.

compatriot: person from one’s own country.

grip: take a very tight hold; hold the attention of; N: tight hold; firm grasp; mastery or command; suitcase; member of a film crew who moves the cameras around; Ex. a good grip on the subject.

gripping: holding the attention; very exciting. Ex. a gripping film.

hiss: hisses at in order to show disapproval and dislike.

insider: accepted member of a group one who has special access to confidential information.

knowledgeable: (of a person) knowing a lot.

byline: line at the head of a newspaper or article carrying the writer’s name.

credits: acknowledgment of work done as in a film.

ripple: small wave; V.

concession: conceding; something conceded; privilege of maintaining a business in a certain place.

prosecute: continue (a task) until completion; initiate court action against.

declaim: speak loudly (and with grandiloquence).

aboveboard: without any attempt to deceive.

overdue: being unpaid when due; past due; late; tardy.

win over/round: gain the support of; OP: disaffect.

basin:
open container: 封閉된 용기; 실 Ru closes an enclosed body of water

brewery: place where beer is made

caveat: warning or caution

calipers: instrument used to measure thickness and distances

moat: deep wide ditch (filled with water) surrounding a town or castle as a defense

bare: lacking the usual covering; naked; not hidden; open to view; empty; Ex. in bare feet; Ex. bare truth; Ex. The cupboard was bare.

strain: breed or type of plant or animal; inborn tendency or character (esp. one passed from parents to children); particular quality; streak; trace; meaning of what one says; Ex. There is a strain of madness in her family.

aorta: largest blood vessel leaving the heart; CF. capillary

ventricle: cavity or chamber (as in the heart)

auricle: outer projecting portion of the ear

antibiotic: drug that kills bacteria

antibody: immune body; proteins produced as an immune response to a specific antigen

antigen: substance that when introduced into the body stimulates the production of an antibody

desalinate: remove salt from

pathogen: agent that causes disease (such as a bacterium or fungus)

reagent: substance used in a chemical reaction

colon: section of the large intestine from which the remains of undigested food leave the body

esophagus: deep wide ditch (filled with water) surrounding a town or castle as a defense

gland: organ that produces a secretion for use elsewhere in the body

niche: recess in a wall as for holding a statue; suitable place or job (suited to one’s abilities or interests)

legitimate: reasonable; correct or allowable according to the law; Ex. quite legitimate conclusion

porcelain: china

earthenware: rather roughly baked clay

diction: choice and use of words in speech or writing; clarity of pronunciation

mitten:
- **pad**: soft material used to fill, give shape, or protect against injury

- **rapids**: whitewater; fast-moving part of a river

- **rainfall**: amount of rain or snow that falls in a certain time

- **cloudburst**: sudden heavy fall of rain

- **surf**: waves of the sea as they break upon a shore

- **foam**: mass of bubbles on the surface of a liquid

- **overreach**: reach or extend over or beyond; miss by attempting too much

- **evict**: expel (a tenant); force to leave a house by law

- **intercede**: plead on another’s behalf; speak in favor of someone, esp. in order to save from punishment; N: intercession

- **rung**: cross-bar that forms the steps of a ladder

- **colonial**: inhabitant of a colony (not a member of the original population)

- **molest**: attack and harm; attack (a woman or a child) sexually

- **county**: large area that includes several towns; CF: count

- **posit**: postulate; assume the existence of

- **delicate**: needing careful handling; fragile; easily damaged; finely made (showing great skill); exquisite; dainty; (of a taste or smell) pleasing in a subtle way; sensitive; Ex. delicate wine glasses / situation / child / flavor / smell / instrument; N: delicacy

- **foolproof**: infallible; that cannot go wrong

- **troupe**: group of performers (singers, actors, dancers for playing drama); CF: troop

- **troop**: group of people or wild animals (when moving); group of soldiers; V: move together in a group; CF: troops / soldiers

- **orchestra**: group of musicians who play music; CF: ensemble

- **snare**: trap used for capturing birds and small animals; V

- **cramp**: sudden involuntary muscular contraction (which makes movement impossible); V: be afflicted with a cramp

- **cramped**: restricted; N: something that restricts

- **cram**: force into a small space; stuff; fill too tightly or too full; gorge with food; study intensively just before an examination

- **pressing**:
□ sinkhole :  
natural depression in a land surface, usu. occurring in limestone regions

□ gusher :  
one that gushes; gas or oil well

□ thunderbolt :  
lightning accompanied by thunder

□ filler :  
something added to augment weight or size or to fill space; material used to fill in flaws in a surface

□ placard :  
sign or notice for public display

□ pageant :  
elaborate public spectacle depicting a historical event; spectacular procession; color showy display (with no meaning)

□ twinge :  
sudden sharp attack (of pain); Ex. twinge of toothache

□ imaginative :  
showing the use of the imagination; good at producing new ideas; Ex. imaginative writing/child; CF. unimagi-native: lacking in imagination; pedestrian

□ imaginary :  
not real; existing only in imagination

□ percolate :  
pass slowly through a material that has small holes in it

□ typify :  
be a typical example or sign of; represent in a typical manner (by an image or model)

□ dependable :  
able to be trusted; reliable; trustworthy; Ex. dependable source of income

□ underground :  
hidden; operating secretly; clandestine; representing a view that is not generally accepted esp. in art; of avant-garde art; Ex. underground newspaper/film; ADV. N: clandestine organization working against a government in power; 저의신재, 저의 운동조직

□ epidermis :  
outer part of the skin

□ full-blown :  
fully developed; Ex. full-blown war

□ full-bodied :  
strong

□ finance :  
management of money; money to help run a business; V: provide a large amount of money for; Ex. finance the repairs to the school

□ shipment :  
a load of goods sent together by sea, road, or air; shipping; sending and delivery of goods

□ bespeak :  
show; be a sign of

□ stylize :  
(in art or description) restrict to a particular style; present in a fixed often less detailed style (rather that exactly as it is in real life); Ex. stylized representation of hearts and diamonds in playing cards

□ boulder :  
large stone or mass of rock

□ chipmunk :  
a kind of squirrel

□ bulb :  
round root of certain plants; any object of this shape; glass part of an electric lamp; Ex. tulip bulb

□ nucleate :  
bring together into a nucleus; ADJ, having a nucleus
cosmetic:
intended to make the skin or hair more beautiful; dealing only with the outside appearance; superficial; lacking significance; N: cosmetic substance; Ex. a few cosmetic repairs to the house

speak one’s mind:
express one’s thoughts (too) directly

rhyme:
correspondence of terminal sounds of words or of lines of verse; poem having rhymes; poem having rhymes; V: form a rhyme; compose rhymes

tone:
quality or character of sound; manner of expression; general atmosphere; shade of color; Ex. an angry tone of voice; Ex. room with an elegant tone; Ex. various tones of blue; V: tone down: moderate; make less severe; tone up: make or become more vigorous

tune:
simple melody; song; a number of musical notes that form a pleasing pattern of sound; agreement; harmony (in pitch or key); Ex. in tune with the period; Ex. The piano is out of tune; V: put in tune; adjust

pitch:
set up (a tent or camp) esp. for a short time; throw; set at a specified key or pitch; N: degree of highness or lowness of a musical note or speaking voice; degree; level; Ex. Disagreement reached such a pitch
	onality:
musical key

membrane:
very soft thin skin (in the body) covering or separating organs; Ex. vibrating membrane in the ear

jamb:
side post of a door or window frame

hymn:
song of praise

waltz:
a dance; music for waltz; V.

liturgy:
prescribed form for public worship

rite:
prescribed form for conducting a religious ceremony; ceremonial act

ritual:
prescribed form of a ceremony; rituals: ceremonial act

ensemble:
group of complementary parts that make a whole; coordinated outfit; small group of musicians who play together

amortize:
liquidate (a debt) by installment payments

counterpoint:
combining of two or more tunes (establishing a harmonic relationship); contrasting but parallel element or theme

romance:
love affair; story of love, adventure, mystery, etc. (whose events are grander than those of real life)

romantic:
showing strong feeling of love; of romance; given to thoughts of romance; sentimental; CF. romanticism

granted that:
even though

pinpoint:
very small area or point; V: locate exactly; describe exactly; Ex. pinpoint it on the map/the causes of the crash

glide:
move smoothly and effortlessly; fly without propulsion; Ex. The boat glided over the lake.

cannibal:
person who eats human flesh; animal that feeds on others of its own kind

cannibalize:
remove serviceable parts from for use in the repair of other equipment of the same kind; Ex. He cannibalized his old car to repair the new one.
pilot:  ship's helmsman, 제로 조타수

d :  deep stupor or unconsciousness produced by a drug

baste:  beat, moisten (meat) periodically with a liquid while cooking

topsoil:  upper part of soil, O의 subsoil

geyser:  간헐천, natural hot spring that intermittently ejects a column of water and steam

tiff:  slight quarrel; Ex. a lovers' tiff

lambaste:  beat, scold severely; berate

infatuate:  inspire (someone) with unreasonable love; ADJ. infatuated: filled with unreasonable love; Ex. She is infatuated with the boy.
garrison:  military post; troops stationed there; V: assign (troops) to a military post. (킨텍스) 주둔시키다

larva:  newly hatched form of insects

vat:  large vessel (to store liquids)

snap:  (of something thin and stiff) break suddenly in two parts; make a sharp cracking sound

narcotic:  addictive drug that induces sleep or stupor

narcosis:  약제, 약물

rupture:  break or burst; N. Ex. rupture of a blood vessel/pipe

ANIMAL

cow:  염소

bull:  수소

ox:  우소

calf:  소의 충청

beef:  음식

veal:  음식버치

moo:  음식

bovine:  소음소리

pig:  배지

boar:  수배지

sow:  음식

pork:  음식
**oink**: pig

**cat**:

**tomcat**:

**she-cat**:

**kitten**:

**mew**:

**feline**: of a member of the cat family; N.

**dog**:

**puppy**:

**whelp**: young animal (esp. of the dog or cat family); young wolf, dog, tiger, etc.

**hound**:

**kennel**:

**bark**:

**canine**: related to dogs; doglike

**rabbit**:

**hare**:

**warren**: tunnels in which rabbits live; overcrowded living area; crowded conditions in which people live

**burrow**:

**sheep**: male sheep

**ewe**: female sheep

**lamb**:

**mutton**:

**bleat**:

**goat**: CF. he-goat, she-goat

**hen**:
cock : cock

chicken : chicken

crow : crow

cluck : cluck

peacock : peacock

horse : horse

mare : mare

stallion : stallion

colt : colt

filly : filly

foal : foal

pony : pony

neigh : neigh

whinny : neigh like a horse

equine : resembling a horse; Ex. equine face

deer :

doe :

fawn :

eagle :
eaglet :
aerie :
aquiline :
aquiline

doe

eagle

eaglet :}

bear : like a lion

leonine :
ursine: bearlike; pertaining to a bear

fox:

vulpine: like a fox; crafty

ostrich: (bird of Africa; has long neck, legs, and tail; can run very fast)

owl: like an owl; wise

elephant: (large African or Asian animal; has large ears, trunk, and tusks)

trunk: part of an elephant

WALK

clump: walk with a heavy dull sound; clustered mass; heavy dull sound

lumber: move heavily or clumsily; Ex. The bear lumbered through the woods; N: timber

plod: walk heavily or laboriously, trudge; walk in a persevering or monotonous way; drudge; Ex. plod under the weight of a burden

trudge: plod

amble: moving at an easy pace; V.

saunter: stroll slowly; N.

stroll: go for a leisurely walk

wander: walk slowly and aimlessly; lose coherence of thought or expression

march: walk steadily and rhythmically

pace: walk with regular steps (backwards and forwards); measure by counting the number of steps; set the speed of movement for; N: a step made in walking; rate of walking; manner of walking; Ex. a jaunty pace

stride: walk with long steps; N.

prance: move about in a spirited manner

strut: pompous walk; V: walk in a self-important manner

swagger: walk or behave with an over-confident or insolent manner; strut

stamp: step on heavily (so as to crush or extinguish); put an end to; imprint or impress with a mark, design, or seal; shape with a die; characterize; Ex. machine stamping out car bodies; Ex. newspaper stamping him as a liar; N: stamping; implement used to stamp; impression stamped; mark; Ex. Her remarks bear the stamp of truth.

stomp: tread or trample heavily or violently

tramp: walk with a heavy step; travel on foot; N: vagrant; one who travels aimlessly about; long walk; sound of heavy walking.
tread: walk; trample; N.

stump: walk in a heavy manner; baffle; puzzle; clear stumps from; N: base of a tree trunk left after the rest has been cut down; (나무의) 구루리, (관목의) 봉덩어, (잎바위) 꼬들

creep: move with body close to the ground; move stealthily or slowly; N.

sneak: move, give, or take in a quiet, stealthy way; N: one who sneaks; ADJ. sneaky

pad: go about quietly on foot (trying to avoid being noticed)

tiptoe: walk quietly or stealthily on one’s toes

waddle: walk with short steps that tilt the body from side to side; (as a duck does)

wade: walk through a substance, such as water, that impedes movement

shamble: walk in an awkward manner, shuffling the foot

shuffle: mix together; jumble; move (something) from one place to another; slide (the feet) along the ground while walking; Ex. shuffle papers from one pile to another; N.

lurch: stagger, move with irregular swinging movement; Ex. The drunken man lurches across the street.

blunder: serious mistake; V: move clumsily (as if blind); make a stupid serious error

stagger: cause to move unsteadily; cause to falter; hesitate; overwhelm as with emotion or misfortune; arrange in alternating or overlapping times; Ex. staggering drunken man; Ex. His incredible story staggered the imagination; N: ADJ. staggering: very surprising; almost unbelievable

totter: shake or move unsteadily; sway as if about to fall

reel: walk unsteadily as if drunk; feel dizzy as with confusion; N: spool; bobbin; round object on which a length of thread can be wound

stumble: trip and almost fall; proceed unsteadily; act falteringly; N.

hobble: limp (as a result of damage to the legs); fasten together two legs of (a horse); impede the movement of; hamper; N.

lump: walk lamely; ADJ. lacking firmness; weak

mincing: affectedly dainty (delicate); V: mince: cut (esp. meat) into very small pieces; walk with exaggerated primness; walk in an unnatural way, taking short steps; Ex. The actor minced across the stage; CF: mincemeat; CF: mincer

PIECE

chunk: thick mass or piece; Ex. a chunk of stone/wood/bread

hunk: chunk, esp. of food; Ex. a hunk of bread

slice: thin cleanly-cut piece; Ex. a slice of cheese

lump: mass of a solid material (of no regular size or shape); Ex. a lump of coal/earth/clay

clod: lump, esp. of clay or earth; Ex. a clod of earth
- **wad**: thick collection of things pressed together (such as pieces of paper); Ex. a wad of bank notes
- **block**: solid straight-sided mass; Ex. a block of ice
- **slab**: thick flat (usu. four-sided) piece; Ex. a slab of stone/cake
- **rasher**: thin piece of bacon or ham; Ex. a rasher of bacon
- **bar**: piece of solid material that is longer than it is wide; Ex. a bar of soap
- **segment**: any of the parts into which something can be divided; Ex. a segment of orange; CF. circle, sector, segment
- **crumb**: very small piece of dry food; Ex. a crumb of bread/cake; V. crumble: break into crumbs
- **pinch**: a small amount pressed out; Ex. tea with a squeeze of lemon
- **squeez**: a sudden light rush of air or smoke; act of puffing; V. breathe forcefully and rapidly (during hurried movement); breathe in and out
- **squeeze**: a small amount pressed out; Ex. tea with a squeeze of lemon
- **puff**: sudden light rush of air or smoke; act of puffing; V. breathe forcefully and rapidly (during hurried movement); breathe in and out
- **wisp**: a small bunch of hair; faint streak (of smoke)
- **bale**: large tightly tied mass; Ex. a bale of paper/hay/cotton
- **shred**: small narrow piece torn; Ex. a shred of cloth; V. cut or tear into shreds
- **splinter**: small sharp-pointed piece, esp. of wood, broken off something; Ex. a splinter of wood/glass; V. CF. shatter
- **sliver**: small thin pointed piece cut or torn off; Ex. a sliver of glass from the broken window
- **chip**: small amount of something (added to something else); Ex. a dash of pepper; CF. French fry; Potato chip/crap
- **dash**: a quick thin stream of liquid; Ex. a couple of squirts of oil; V.
- **squirt**: a quick thin stream of liquid; Ex. a couple of squirts of oil; V.
- **squeez**: a sudden light rush of air or smoke; act of puffing; V. breathe forcefully and rapidly (during hurried movement); breathe in and out
- **wisp**: a small bunch of hair; faint streak (of smoke)